



SKIN & BEAUTY CENTER
Cosmetic, Medical and Surgical Dermatology

DermlA.com

BURBANK

191 S. Buena Vista St. Suite 475
Burbank, CA 91505
T: (818) 842-8000
F: (818) 842-3208

SANTA CLARITA

27879 Smyth Drive
Valencia, CA 91355
T: (877) 822-2223
F: (323) 935-8804



NORTHRIDGE

9535 Reseda Blvd. Suite 304
Northridge, CA 91324
T: (818) 886-3884
F: (818) 886-5418

William Coleman, MD
David Friedman, MD
Ava Khosraviani, MD
Payam Saadat, MD
Manjunath Vadmal, MD
Kristen Ochsner, PA-C
Jenna Trubschenck, M.S. PA-C

Angioma

An angioma is a benign growth that consists of small blood vessels. It usually looks like a small, bright red bump. These tumors can be located anywhere on the body. Some of the angiomas, cherry angiomas, and angiokeratomas. We do not know the cause of most types of angiomas. Cherry angiomas are due to aging and do not have any known significance. Spider angiomas are more common in childhood and during pregnancy, and a few can appear on anyone. When present in large numbers, they may warn of liver damage. Angiokeratomas are a type of benign growth and are not dangerous.

Angiomas do not need to be treated unless they bleed or are bothering you. They can be treated with electrodesiccation, liquid nitrogen or laser. Electrodesiccation consists of touching the skin with an electric needle and destroying the blood vessels, Liquid nitrogen is a cold gas that is sprayed on the skin with a spray gun. Laser uses a beam of concentrated light. All three types of treatment have similar amounts of discomfort and usually give a good cosmetic result, although multiple treatments may be required. The dermatologist will recommend the most appropriate method if you desire treatment. Angiomas sometimes recur after treatment.